## Acta Crystallographica Section E <br> Structure Reports <br> Online <br> ISSN 1600-5368 <br> Dimethyl biphenyl-4,4'-dicarboxylate

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Received 17 June 2009; accepted 19 June 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=100 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.050 ; w R$ factor $=0.142$; data-to-parameter ratio $=17.2$.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{4}$, consists of one half-molecule of an essentially planar biphenyldicarboxylic acid ester, with the complete molecule generated by an inversion centre. The maximum deviation from a leastsquares plane through all non-H atoms occurs for the peripheric methyl groups and amounts to 0.124 (2) A. The solid represents a typical molecular crystal without classical hydrogen bonds. The shortest intermolecular contacts do not differ significantly from the sum of the van der Waals radii of the atoms involved.

## Related literature

For standard van der Waals radii, see: Bondi (1964). For related structures, see: Li \& Brisse (1994); Marsh \& Clemente (2007); Tashiro et al. (1990).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$M_{r}=270.27$
Orthorhombic, Pbca
$a=7.1358$ (9) $\AA$
$b=5.9752$ (8) A
$c=29.709$ (4) $\AA$
Data collection
Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
14661 measured reflections

## Refinement

| $R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050$ | 92 parameters |
| :--- | :--- |
| $w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.142$ | H-atom parameters constrained |
| $S=1.08$ | $\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.46 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$ |
| 1585 reflections | $\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.19 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$ |

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINTPlus (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2528).

## References

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## supplementary materials

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## Comment

In the context of a study devoted to fruit esters, we attempted to enclathrate these compounds as guests into $4,4^{\prime}$-biphenylcarboxylic acid dimethylester as the host structure. In one of these experiments, the potential host was dissolved in boiling ethylacetate and slowly recrystallized. The platelet-shaped crystals obtained did not include any guest molecule but rather enabled us to study the hitherto unknown crystal structure of the pure title compound. Esters of the same acid had been structurally characterized as derivatives of aliphatic (Li \& Brisse, 1994) and aromatic alcohols (Tashiro et al., 1990; Marsh \& Clemente, 2007). Interesting degrees of freedom in our structure are associated with rotation around the central biphenyl axis and the single bond between the carboxylic C atom C 7 (Fig. 1) and the aromatic ring. The former is fixed to planarity for symmetry reasons because the molecules occupy inversion centers in space group Pbca. The 1,6 contact between the ortho H atoms next to the central $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{i}$ bond is therefore rather short and amounts to $2.02 \AA$. Interestingly, Tashiro and coworkers (Tashiro et al., 1990) have found both coplanar and non-coplanar biphenyl systems for two different crystalline modifications of the same compound. The second degree of freedom results in a rather small dihedral angle of 6.37 (10) ${ }^{\circ}$ subtended by least-squares planes through $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ on the one and $\mathrm{C} 7, \mathrm{C} 8, \mathrm{O} 1$ and O 2 on the other hand. The precise molecular symmetry is therefore $C_{i}$, with only small deviations from the supergroup $C_{2}{ }_{h}$. The packing of the molecules reveals a herringbone-like structure as seen in Fig. 2, in which the methyl groups can avoid each other. When standard van-der-Waals radii (C 1.70, H 1.20, O $1.52 \AA$, Bondi 1964) are taken into account, an overall packing coefficient of $74.3 \%$ is calculated (Spek 2009).

## Experimental

About 300 mg ( 1.1 mmol ) of 4,4'-Biphenylcarboxylic acid dimethylester was dissolved in 20 ml of boiling ethylacetate ( 350 K). The solution was refluxed for about 15 minutes and after hot filtration very slowly ( 15 h ) cooled to 320 K . Several hours later, ca 50 mg of platelet-shaped colourless crystals were recovered by filtration.

## Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were included as riding in standard geometry ( $\mathrm{C}_{\text {aryl }}-\mathrm{H} 0.95 \AA, \mathrm{C}_{\text {methyl }}-\mathrm{H} 0.98 \AA$ ).

## Figures



Fig. 1. : PLATON (Spek, 2009) plot with displacement ellipsoids at $90 \%$ probability; H atoms are not shown. Symmetry code (i) $-x+1,-y,-z$.

## supplementary materials



Fig. 2. : View of the herringbone like packing (Spek, 2009).

## Dimethyl biphenyl-4,4'-dicarboxylate

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$F_{000}=568$
$M_{r}=270.27$
Orthorhombic, Pbca
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
$a=7.1358$ (9) $\AA$
$b=5.9752$ (8) $\AA$
$c=29.709(4) \AA$
$V=1266.7(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.417 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2384 reflections
$\theta=2.7-27.9^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.10 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
Plate, colourless
$0.11 \times 0.06 \times 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: none
14661 measured reflections
1585 independent reflections

1242 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.061$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.4^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\text {min }}=2.7^{\circ}$
$h=-9 \rightarrow 9$
$k=-8 \rightarrow 7$
$l=-39 \rightarrow 39$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.142$
$S=1.08$
1585 reflections
92 parameters

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.07 P)^{2}+0.4 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.46 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.19 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iss }}{ }^{*} U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.43822(17)$ | $0.51545(19)$ | $0.16205(4)$ | $0.0236(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.55690(18)$ | $0.1972(2)$ | $0.19068(4)$ | $0.0299(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.49919(19)$ | $0.0457(2)$ | $0.02340(4)$ | $0.0127(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.42227(19)$ | $0.2566(2)$ | $0.03299(5)$ | $0.0152(3)$ |
| H2 | 0.3706 | 0.3428 | 0.0092 | $0.018^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.41984(19)$ | $0.3421(2)$ | $0.07637(5)$ | $0.0155(3)$ |
| H3 | 0.3675 | 0.4857 | 0.0819 | $0.019^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.49395(19)$ | $0.2179(3)$ | $0.11195(5)$ | $0.0153(3)$ |
| C5 | $0.5698(2)$ | $0.0075(2)$ | $0.10315(5)$ | $0.0171(3)$ |
| H5 | 0.6194 | -0.0791 | 0.1272 | $0.021^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.5736(2)$ | $-0.0766(2)$ | $0.05963(5)$ | $0.0165(3)$ |
| H6 | 0.6274 | -0.2195 | 0.0542 | $0.020^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.4997(2)$ | $0.3039(3)$ | $0.15895(5)$ | $0.0178(3)$ |
| C8 | $0.4498(3)$ | $0.6139(3)$ | $0.20658(6)$ | $0.0271(4)$ |
| H8A | 0.3676 | 0.5318 | 0.2272 | $0.041^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.4104 | 0.7708 | 0.2052 | $0.041^{*}$ |
| H8C | 0.5793 | 0.6055 | 0.2174 | $0.041^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0335(7)$ | $0.0195(6)$ | $0.0177(6)$ | $0.0065(5)$ | $-0.0029(5)$ | $-0.0049(4)$ |
| O2 | $0.0465(8)$ | $0.0260(7)$ | $0.0172(6)$ | $0.0084(6)$ | $-0.0047(5)$ | $0.0001(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.0095(6)$ | $0.0129(7)$ | $0.0157(7)$ | $-0.0016(5)$ | $0.0015(5)$ | $0.0009(5)$ |
| C2 | $0.0142(7)$ | $0.0144(7)$ | $0.0170(7)$ | $0.0016(5)$ | $-0.0017(5)$ | $0.0024(5)$ |
| C3 | $0.0129(7)$ | $0.0133(7)$ | $0.0204(8)$ | $0.0013(5)$ | $-0.0006(5)$ | $-0.0008(5)$ |
| C4 | $0.0142(7)$ | $0.0166(7)$ | $0.0152(7)$ | $-0.0012(6)$ | $0.0013(5)$ | $0.0003(5)$ |
| C5 | $0.0170(8)$ | $0.0168(7)$ | $0.0174(7)$ | $0.0021(6)$ | $-0.0009(6)$ | $0.0023(5)$ |
| C6 | $0.0172(7)$ | $0.0131(7)$ | $0.0193(7)$ | $0.0028(5)$ | $0.0009(6)$ | $0.0005(5)$ |
| C7 | $0.0180(8)$ | $0.0181(8)$ | $0.0173(7)$ | $-0.0009(6)$ | $0.0007(6)$ | $0.0000(5)$ |
| C8 | $0.0343(10)$ | $0.0261(9)$ | $0.0210(8)$ | $0.0033(7)$ | $-0.0019(7)$ | $-0.0092(7)$ |

## supplementary materials

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.3409(19)$ | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 0.95 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.4502(19)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.394(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.2093(18)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.488(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.4035(19)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.387(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.4052(19)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5$ | 0.95 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $1.494(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 0.95 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.386(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.98 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 0.95 | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.98 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.395(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.98 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $115.23(12)$ | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5$ | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $117.32(13)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5$ | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $121.35(15)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $121.21(13)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $121.33(16)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 119.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $121.64(13)$ | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 119.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.2 | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $123.63(14)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.2 | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $123.96(14)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $120.23(13)$ | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $112.39(13)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 119.9 | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 119.9 | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $118.99(14)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $118.47(13)$ | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $122.52(13)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $120.60(14)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y,-z$.

Fig. 1


Fig. 2


